

**POLYCLONAL ANTIBODY TO  
HUMAN INTESTINAL FATTY ACID BINDING PROTEIN  
(I-FABP, FABP2)**



<b>Catalog nr</b>	HP9020 (lot number and expiry date are indicated on the label)																																					
<b>Description</b>	The polyclonal antibody recognizes human intestinal fatty acid binding protein (I-FABP) of both natural and recombinant origin. The I-FABP protein is derived from the human <i>FABP2</i> gene. FABPs are small intracellular proteins (~13-14 kDa) with a high degree of tissue specificity that bind long chain fatty acids. They are abundantly present in various cell types and play an important role in the intracellular utilization of fatty acids, transport and metabolism. There are at least nine distinct types of FABP, each showing a specific pattern of tissue expression. Due to its small size, FABP leaks rapidly out of ischemically damaged necrotic cells leading to a rise in serum levels. Ischemically damaged tissues are characterized histologically by absence (or low presence) of FABP facilitating recognition of such areas. I-FABP is localized in the small bowel epithelium, with highest expression level in the jejunum.																																					
<b>Aliases</b>	FABP2, FABPI																																					
<b>Species</b>	Rabbit IgG																																					
<b>Cross reactivity</b>	<b>Cross reactant</b>	<b>Reactivity</b>																																				
	Rat I-FABP	Yes																																				
	Mouse I-FABP	Yes																																				
	Sheep I-FABP	Yes																																				
	Swine I-FABP	Yes																																				
<b>Formulation</b>	1 ml (100 µg/ml) 0.2 µm filtered antibody solution in PBS, containing 0.1% bovine serum albumin and 0.02% sodium azide.																																					
<b>Application</b>	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>F</th> <th>FC</th> <th>FS</th> <th>IA</th> <th>IF</th> <th>IP</th> <th>P</th> <th>W</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Yes</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>N.D.</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			F	FC	FS	IA	IF	IP	P	W	Yes				•	•			•	No									N.D.	•	•	•			•	•	
	F	FC	FS	IA	IF	IP	P	W																														
Yes				•	•			•																														
No																																						
N.D.	•	•	•			•	•																															
	<small>N.D. = Not Determined; F = Frozen sections; FC = Flow Cytometry; FS = Functional Studies; IA = Immuno Assays; IF = Immuno Fluorescence; IP = Immuno Precipitation; P = Paraffin sections; W = Western blot</small>																																					
<b>Use</b>	For immunohistology and Western blotting, dilutions to be used depend on detection system applied. It is recommended that users test the reagent and determine their own optimal dilutions. The typical starting working dilution is 1:50.																																					
<b>Storage and stability</b>	Product should be stored at 4°C. Under recommended storage conditions, product is stable for one year.																																					
<b>Precautions</b>	For research use only. Not for use in or on humans or animals or for diagnostics. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all local/state and federal rules in the use of this product. Hycult Biotech is not responsible for any patent infringements that might result with the use or derivation of this product.																																					
<b>References</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Kanda, T et al; Intestinal fatty acid-binding protein is available for diagnosis of intestinal ischaemia; immunochemical analysis of two patients with ischaemic intestinal diseases. <i>Gut</i> 1995, 36: 788</li> <li>2. Kanda, T et al; Intestinal fatty acid-binding protein is a useful diagnostic marker for mesenteric infarction in humans. <i>Gastroenterology</i> 1996, 110: 339</li> <li>3. Morissey, P et al; Small bowel allograft rejection detected by serum intestinal fatty acid-binding protein is reversible. <i>Transplantation</i> 1996, 61: 1451</li> <li>4. Lieberman, J et al; Human intestinal fatty acid binding protein: Report of an assay with studies in normal volunteers and intestinal ischemia. <i>Surgery</i> 1997, 121: 335</li> </ol>																																					
<b>Also available</b>	HP9021	Polyclonal antibody against Human L-FABP																																				
	HP9028	Polyclonal antibody against Human A-FABP																																				
	HP9029	Polyclonal antibody against Human B-FABP																																				
	HP9030	Polyclonal antibody against Human E-FABP																																				
	HP9031	Polyclonal antibody against Human IL-FABP																																				
	HP9032	Polyclonal antibody against Human M-FABP																																				

